3 (Sem-3/CBCS) PHY HC 1

2021

(Held in 2022)

PHYSICS

(Honours)

Paper: PHY-HC-3016

(Mathematical Physics-II)

Full Marks: 60

Time: Three hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

- 1. Answer the following questions: (each question carries **one** mark) 1×7=7
  - (a) Show that  $P_n(-x) = (-1)^n P_n(x)$ .
  - (b)  $L_1(x)-L_0(x)=?$

- (c) Express the one-dimensional heat flow equation.
- (d)  $\int_{0}^{\infty} e^{-x} x^{2n-1} dx = ?$
- (e)  $\beta\left(\frac{1}{2},\frac{1}{2}\right) = ?$
- (f) Square matrix = Symmetric matrix +?
- (g) If,  $\mu^{-1}M \mu = M'$ , then show that Tr M = Tr M'.
- 2. Answer the following questions: (each question carries 2 marks) 2×4=8
  - (a) Show that x=0 is a regular singular print for the following differential equation:

$$2x^{2}\frac{d^{2}y}{dx^{2}} + 3x\frac{dy}{dx} + (x^{2} - 4)y = 0$$

(b) Can we express the one-dimensional Schrödinger's equation

$$-\frac{\hbar^2}{2m}\frac{\partial^2 \psi(x,t)}{\partial t^2} + V\psi(x,t) = i\hbar \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial t}(x,t)$$

in terms of space dependent and time independent equations if *V* is a function of both *x* and *t*? Explain.

- (c) Show that  $\beta(l, m) = \beta(m, l)$ .
- (d) Show that the matrix

$$\sigma_2 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -i \\ i & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

is Hermitian as well as unitary.

- 3. Answer **any three** questions from the following: (each question carries **5** marks)
  - (a) By the separation of variable method, solve the t-dependent part of the following equation:

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = c^2 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2}$$

(b) If  $\begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix}$  transforms to  $\begin{pmatrix} x' \\ y' \end{pmatrix}$  in the

way —

$$\begin{pmatrix} x' \\ y' \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \cos \theta & \sin \theta \\ -\sin \theta & \cos \theta \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix}$$
 then

show that  $x'^2 + y'^2 = x^2 + y^2$ .

Verify that the transformation matrix is orthogonal. 2+3=5

- (c) How many real numbers are required to express a general complex matrix of dimension 2 × 2? Show that a 2 × 2 Hermitian matrix of dimension 2 × 2 carries four real numbers. Also, show that a skew-Hermitian matrix of dimension 2 × 2 carries only the real numbers.

  1+2+2=5
  - (d) Find the Fourier's series representing f(x) = x,  $0 < x < 2\pi$ , and sketch its graph from  $x = -4\pi$  to  $x = +4\pi$ .

3+2=5

(e) Show that

$$L'_{n}(x)-n L'_{n-1}(x)+n L_{n-1}(x)\equiv 0.$$
 5

5. Solve the equation

4. If,  $y = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} a_k x^{m+k}$  happens to be the power

given that,  $\psi(t=0)=0$  and  $\frac{\partial \psi}{\partial t}$ 

series solution of the equation,

$$2x(1-x)\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + (1-x)\frac{dy}{dx} + 3y = 0, \text{ then show}$$

that 
$$a_{k+1} = \frac{-2m - 2k + 3}{2m + 2k + 1}$$
 10

Or

Show the following:

(1) 
$$(n+1)P_{n+1} = (2n+1)xP_n - nP_{n-1}$$

(2) 
$$nP_n = xP'_n - P'_{n-1}$$

(3) 
$$P'_{n+1} - P'_{n-1} = (2n+1) P_n$$

obtain a b. e. d.

## 5. Solve the equation

$$\frac{\partial^2 \psi}{\partial x \partial t} = e^{-t} \cos x$$

given that, 
$$\psi(t=0) = 0$$
 and  $\frac{\partial \psi}{\partial t}\Big|_{x=0} = 0$ 

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## Or

Consider a vibrating string of length *l* fixed at both ends, given that

$$y(0, t) = 0, y(l, t) = 0$$

appens to be the power

$$y(x, 0) = f(x), \frac{\partial y}{\partial t}(x, 0) = 0; \quad 0 < x < 1$$

Solve completely the equation of vibrating string

$$\frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial t^2} = c^2 \frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial x^2} \,. \tag{10}$$

6. If 
$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$
, obtain  $A^{-1}$ .

From the matrix equation

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 3 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -3 & 2 \\ 5 & -3 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -2 & 4 \\ 3 & -1 \end{pmatrix},$$
obtain,  $a, b, c, d$ .
$$4+6=10$$

Or

Obtain the eigenvalues and eigenvectors of the matrix

$$M = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -i \\ i & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

and hence diagonalize the same. 4+6=10