2019

SANSKRIT

(Major)

Paper : 6.6

Full Marks: 60

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

UNIT-I

(Kauţilya's Arthaśāstra)

1. Answer the following questions:

 $1 \times 3 = 3$

- (a) How many Vidyās have been enumerated by Kauţilya?
- (b) Name the only Vidyā considered by Ausanasas.
- (c) Which Vidyā is stated as the source of all righteous activities (धर्म)?

2. Name the two types of विनय.

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3. Write short notes on the following (any two):

 $5 \times 2 = 10$

वार्ता; अमात्यनियोग; Duties of a house-holder.

4. Answer any two of the following:

 $10 \times 2 = 20$

- (a) Show your acquaintance with the Vidyās enumerated by Kauţilya.
- (b) Write briefly the contents found in वृद्धसंयोग of the Arthaśāstra.
- (c) Prepare a note on counselling (मन्त्रणा) as delineated in मन्त्राधिकार of the Arthaśāstra

UNIT-II

(Nāradasmrti)

5. Answer the following:

 $1 \times 4 = 4$

- (a) How many titles of law are mentioned in the Nāradasmrti?
- (b) Why व्यवहार is called चतुष्कारी?

(c) Mention any two qualities of a king.

(d) Fill up the gap:

तस्माद्धर्मासनं प्राप्य राजा ।

6. Answer the following:

 $2 \times 3 = 6$

- (a) What is the meaning of the following verse?

 नष्टे धर्मे मनुष्याणां व्यवहारः प्रवर्तते।

 द्रष्टा च व्यवहाराणां राजा दण्डधरः स्मृतः॥
- (b) What is meant by दायभाग?
- (c) Fill up the gaps :

 पिता रक्षति भर्ता रक्षति ।

7. Explain the following verse:

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पितर्यूर्ध्वं गते पुत्रा विभजेरन्धनं क्रमात्। मातुर्दुहितरोऽभावे दुहितॄणां तदन्वयः॥

8. Give an account of the Smrti-literature.

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Or

Prepare a note on स्रीधन or woman's property as you find it in the Nāradasmṛti.
